

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY:PUTTUR

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MODEL QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**Subject with Code :NUMERICAL METHODS, PROBABILITY & STATISTICS (20HS0833)****Course & Branch: B.Tech-CE,AGE****Year & Sem:II-II****Regulation: R20****UNIT –I****NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ALGEBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL
EQUATIONS& INTERPOLATION**

1	Find a positive root of the equation $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$ Using Bisection method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
2	Find real root of the equation $3x = e^x$ Using Bisection method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
3	Find out the square root of 25 given $x_0 = 2.0$, $x_1 = 7.0$ Using Bisection method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
4	Find a real root of the equation $xe^x - \cos x = 0$ Using Newton – Raphson method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
5	Using Newton-Raphson method (i) Find square root of 28 (ii) Find cube root of 15.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
6	Find a real root of the equation $x \sin x + \cos x = 0$ Using Newton – Raphson method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
7	Find out the root of the equation $x \log_{10}(x) = 1.2$ using False position method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
8	Find the root of the equation $xe^x = 2$ using Regula-falsi method.	[L3][CO1]	[12M]												
9	From the following table values of x and $y = \tan x$. Interpolate the values of y when $x = 0.12$ and $x = 0.28$. <table border="1"><tr><td>x</td><td>0.10</td><td>0.15</td><td>0.20</td><td>0.25</td><td>0.30</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>0.1003</td><td>0.1511</td><td>0.2027</td><td>0.2553</td><td>0.3093</td></tr></table>	x	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	y	0.1003	0.1511	0.2027	0.2553	0.3093	[L5][CO1]	[12M]
x	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30										
y	0.1003	0.1511	0.2027	0.2553	0.3093										
10	a) Using Newton's forward interpolation formula and the given table of values <table border="1"><tr><td>x</td><td>1.1</td><td>1.3</td><td>1.5</td><td>1.7</td><td>1.9</td></tr><tr><td>f(x)</td><td>0.21</td><td>0.69</td><td>1.25</td><td>1.89</td><td>2.61</td></tr></table> Obtain the value of $f(x)$ when $x = 1.4$.	x	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	f(x)	0.21	0.69	1.25	1.89	2.61	[L3][CO1]	[6M]
	x	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9									
f(x)	0.21	0.69	1.25	1.89	2.61										
b) Use Newton's backward interpolation formula to find $f(32)$ given $f(25) = 0.2707$, $f(30) = 0.3027$, $f(35) = 0.3386$, $f(40) = 0.3794$.	[L3][CO1]	[6M]													

UNIT –II
NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS&
NUMERICAL INTEGRATION

1	Tabulate $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.3)$ using Taylor's series method given that $y' = y^2 + x$ and $y(0) = 1$	[L1][CO2]	[12M]
2	Solve $y' = x + y$ given $y(1) = 0$, find $y(1.1)$, $y(1.2)$, $y(1.3)$ by Taylor's series method.	[L3][CO2]	[12M]
3	Using Taylor's series method, find an approximate value of y at $x = 0.2$ for the differential Equation $y' - 2y = 3e^x$, $y(0) = 0$ compare the numerical solution obtained with exact solution.	[L3][CO2]	[12M]
4	Evaluate by Taylor's series method, find an approximate value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ for the D.E $y'' - x(y')^2 + y^2 = 0$; $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$.	[L5][CO2]	[12M]
5	Using modified Euler's method find $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.4)$, given $y' = y + e^x$, $y(0) = 0$	[L3][CO2]	[12M]
6	a) Solve by Euler's method $y' = y^2 + x$ $y(0) = 1$ and find $y(0.1)$ and $y(0.2)$	[L3][CO2]	[6M]
	b) Solve by Euler's method $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y}{x}$ given $y(1)=2$ and find $y(2)$	[L3][CO2]	[6M]
7	Using R-K method of 4 th order, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 - y$, $y(0)=1$. Find $y(0.1)$ and $y(0.2)$	[L3][CO2]	[12M]
8	Using R-K method of 4 th order find $y(0.1)$ and $y(0.2)$ given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y(0) = 1$.	[L3][CO2]	[12M]
9	Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ (i) by Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule. (ii) Using Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule and compare the result with actual value.	[L5][CO2]	[12M]
10	a) Compute $\int_0^4 e^x dx$ by Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule with 12 sub divisions.	[L5][CO2]	[6M]
	b) Compute $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x dx$ using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule and compare with exact value.	[L5][CO2]	[6M]

UNIT –III

BASIC STATISTICS & BASIC PROBABILITY

1	a) i) The weights of 6 competitors in a game are given below 58,62,56,63,55,61 kgs. Find arithmetic mean of weight of competitors. ii) Find the median of the following values 26, 8, 6, 12, 15, 32.	[L3][CO3]	[6M]																						
	b) Find arithmetic mean to the following data using step deviation method <table><tr><td>Marks</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td></tr><tr><td>frequency</td><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>25</td><td>22</td><td>10</td></tr></table>	Marks	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	frequency	5	8	25	22	10	[L3][CO3]	[6M]										
Marks	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60																				
frequency	5	8	25	22	10																				
2	a) Find the median to the following data <table><tr><td>Class intervals</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td><td>70-80</td><td>80-90</td></tr><tr><td>frequency</td><td>5</td><td>12</td><td>23</td><td>8</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	Class intervals	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	frequency	5	12	23	8	2	[L3][CO3]	[6M]										
	Class intervals	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90																			
frequency	5	12	23	8	2																				
b) Find arithmetic mean to the following data <table><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>f</td><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>10</td><td>12</td><td>6</td></tr></table>	x	1	2	3	4	5	f	5	8	10	12	6	[L3][CO3]	[6M]											
x	1	2	3	4	5																				
f	5	8	10	12	6																				
3	a) Find mode to the following data <table><tr><td>X</td><td>0-5</td><td>5-10</td><td>10-15</td><td>15-20</td><td>20-25</td><td>25-30</td><td>30-35</td><td>35-40</td></tr><tr><td>F</td><td>5</td><td>7</td><td>10</td><td>18</td><td>20</td><td>12</td><td>8</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	X	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	F	5	7	10	18	20	12	8	2	[L3][CO3]	[6M]				
	X	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40																
F	5	7	10	18	20	12	8	2																	
b) Find the median to the following data. <table><tr><td>x</td><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>11</td><td>14</td><td>17</td><td>20</td><td>23</td></tr><tr><td>f</td><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>20</td><td>10</td><td>6</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	x	5	8	11	14	17	20	23	f	2	8	12	20	10	6	3	[L3][CO3]	[6M]							
x	5	8	11	14	17	20	23																		
f	2	8	12	20	10	6	3																		
4	a) Calculate the first four central moments of the following distribution also find β_1 and β_2 <table><tr><td>X</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>F</td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>28</td><td>56</td><td>70</td><td>56</td><td>28</td><td>8</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	F	1	8	28	56	70	56	28	8	1	[L3][CO3]	[6M]		
	X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8															
F	1	8	28	56	70	56	28	8	1																
b) The first four moments of a distribution about the value 5 of the variables are 2, 20, 40 and 50. Calculate mean, variance, β_1 and β_2 of the distribution.	[L3][CO3]	[6M]																							
5	Calculate Karl Pearson and Bowley's coefficient of Skewness to the following data <table><tr><td>X</td><td>0-10</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td><td>70-80</td><td>80-90</td><td>90-100</td></tr><tr><td>F</td><td>2</td><td>6</td><td>11</td><td>20</td><td>40</td><td>75</td><td>45</td><td>25</td><td>18</td><td>8</td></tr></table>	X	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	F	2	6	11	20	40	75	45	25	18	8	[L3][CO3]	[12M]
X	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100															
F	2	6	11	20	40	75	45	25	18	8															
6	Calculate the first four central moments to the following data and also find Sheppard's correction, β_1 and β_2 <table><tr><td>Class intervals</td><td>0-10</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td></tr><tr><td>frequency</td><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>40</td><td>20</td><td>15</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	Class intervals	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	frequency	2	8	12	40	20	15	3	[L3][CO3]	[12M]						
Class intervals	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70																		
frequency	2	8	12	40	20	15	3																		
7	a) Three students A,B,C are in running race. A and B have the same Probability of winning and each is twice as likely to win as C. Find the Probability that B or C wins.	[L3][CO4]	[6M]																						
	b) Determine (i) $P\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)$ (ii) $P\left(\frac{A}{B^c}\right)$ if A and B are events with $P(A)=\frac{1}{3} \quad P(B)=\frac{1}{4}, \quad P(A\cup B)=\frac{1}{2}.$	[L3][CO4]	[6M]																						
8	a)In a certain town 40% have brown hair, 25% have brown eyes and 15% have both brown hair and brown eyes. A person is selected at random from the town. i) If he has brown hair, what is the probability that he has brown eyes also? ii) If he has brown eyes, determine the probability,that he does not have brown hair?	[L3][CO4]	[6M]																						

	b) The probability that students A, B, C, solve the problem are $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ respectively. If all of them try to solve the problem, what is the probability that the problem is solved.	[L3][CO4]	[6M]
9	Two dice are thrown. Let A be the event that the sum of the point on the faces is 9. Let B be the event that at least one number is 6. Find (i) $P(A \cap B)$ (ii) $P(A \cup B)$ (iii) $P(A^c \cup B^c)$ (iv) $P(A^c \cap B^c)$ (v) $P(A \cap B^c)$	[L3][CO4]	[12M]
10	In a certain college 25% of boys and 10% of girls are studying mathematics. The girls constitute 60% of the student body. (a) What is the probability that mathematics is being studied? (b) If a student is selected at random and is found to be studying mathematics, find the probability that the student is a girl? (c) a boy?	[L3][CO4]	[12M]

UNIT –IV RANDOM VARIABLES

1	Two dice are thrown. Let X assign to each point (a, b) in S the maximum of its numbers i.e, $X(a, b) = \max(a, b)$. Find the probability distribution. X is a random variable with $X(s)=\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$. Also find the mean and variance of the distribution	[L3][CO5]	[12M]																		
2	A random variable X has the following probability function <table><tr><td>X</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>P(x)</td><td>0</td><td>K</td><td>2K</td><td>2K</td><td>3K</td><td>K^2</td><td>$2K^2$</td><td>$7K^2+K$</td></tr></table> Determine (i) K (ii) Mean (iii) variance. (iv) if $P(X \leq K) > 1/2$, find the Minimum value of K	X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	P(x)	0	K	2K	2K	3K	K^2	$2K^2$	$7K^2+K$	[L3][CO5]	[12M]
X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7													
P(x)	0	K	2K	2K	3K	K^2	$2K^2$	$7K^2+K$													
3	a) Find the mean and variance of the uniform probability distribution given by $f(x) = \frac{1}{n}$ for $x = 1, 2, \dots, n$.	[L3][CO5]	[6M]																		
	b) A random variable x has the following probability distribution <table><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>P(x)</td><td>k</td><td>3k</td><td>5k</td><td>7k</td><td>9k</td><td>11k</td></tr></table> Find i) k ii) Mean	x	1	2	3	4	5	6	P(x)	k	3k	5k	7k	9k	11k	[L3][CO5]	[6M]				
x	1	2	3	4	5	6															
P(x)	k	3k	5k	7k	9k	11k															
4	A random variable x has the following probability distribution function <table><tr><td>x</td><td>-3</td><td>-2</td><td>-1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>P(x)</td><td>k</td><td>0.1</td><td>k</td><td>0.2</td><td>2k</td><td>0.4</td><td>2k</td></tr></table> Find i) k ii) Mean (iii) Variance.	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	P(x)	k	0.1	k	0.2	2k	0.4	2k	[L3][CO5]	[12M]		
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3														
P(x)	k	0.1	k	0.2	2k	0.4	2k														
5	A random variable x has the following probability distribution function <table><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>P(x)</td><td>k</td><td>2k</td><td>3k</td><td>4k</td><td>5k</td><td>6k</td><td>7k</td><td>8k</td></tr></table> Find i) k ii) $P(X \leq 2)$ (iii) $P(2 \leq x \leq 5)$.	x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	P(x)	k	2k	3k	4k	5k	6k	7k	8k	[L3][CO5]	[12M]
x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8													
P(x)	k	2k	3k	4k	5k	6k	7k	8k													
6	a) Probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} k(3x^2 - 1), & \text{in } -1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$. (i) Find the value of k. (ii) Find the probability $(-1 \leq x \leq 0)$	[L3][CO5]	[6M]																		
	b) If a random variable has a Probability density f(x) as $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-2x}, & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{for } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$ Find the Probabilities that it will take on a value (i) Between 1 & 3 (ii) Greater than 0.5	[L3][CO5]	[6M]																		
7	For the continuous probability function $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2 e^{-x} & \text{when } x \geq 0 \\ 0; & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$ Find i) k ii) Mean (iii) Variance.	[L3][CO5]	[12M]																		
8	A continuous random variable x has the probability density function is given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} Cx(2 - x) & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & : \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ Where C is a constant, Find C, Mean and Variance.	[L3][CO5]	[12M]																		
9	Suppose a continuous random variable X has the probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} k(1 - x^2) & \text{when } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$ Find i) k ii) Mean (iii) Variance.	[L3][CO5]	[12M]																		

10	Probability density function of a random variable X is $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \sin x, & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$ Find the mean, mode and median of the distribution and also find the probability between 0 and $\pi/2$.	[L3][CO5]	[12M]
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UNIT –V
PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND CORRELATION

1	a) Derive mean and variance of Binomial distribution.							[L4][CO5]	[6M]																																	
	b) 20% of items produced from a factory are defective. Find the probability that in a sample of 5 chosen at random (i) one is defective (ii) $P(1 < X < 4)$							[L3][CO5]	[6M]																																	
2	Fit a Binomial distribution to the following frequency distribution:							[L6][CO5]	[12M]																																	
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>f</td><td>2</td><td>14</td><td>20</td><td>34</td><td>22</td><td>8</td></tr></table>	x	0	1	2	3	4			5	f	2	14	20	34	22	8																									
x	0	1	2	3	4	5																																				
f	2	14	20	34	22	8																																				
3	Out of 800 families with 5 children each, how many would you expect to have (i) 3 boys (ii) 5 girls (iii) either 2 or 3boys iv) At least one boy							[L2][CO5]	[12M]																																	
4	a) If 2% of light bulbs are defective. Find the probability that (i) At least one is defective (ii) $P(1 < X < 8)$ in a sample of 100.							[L3][CO5]	[6M]																																	
	b) If for a Poisson variate $2P(X = 0) = P(X = 2)$ Find the probability that i) $P(X \leq 3)$ ii) $P(2 < X \leq 5)$							[L3][CO5]	[6M]																																	
5	Fit a Poisson distribution to the following data							[L5][CO5]	[12M]																																	
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>Total</td></tr><tr><td>f</td><td>142</td><td>156</td><td>69</td><td>27</td><td>5</td><td>1</td><td>400</td></tr></table>	x	0	1	2	3	4			5	Total	f	142	156	69	27	5	1	400																							
x	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total																																			
f	142	156	69	27	5	1	400																																			
6	In a sample of 1000 cases, the mean of certain test is 14 and standard deviation is 2.5.Assuming the distribution to be normal find (i) How many students score between 12 and 15. (ii) How many students score above 18? (iii) How many students score below 18?							[L2][CO5]	[12M]																																	
7	a) The probability of Poisson variate taking the values 1&2 are equal. Find i) Mean ii) $P(X \geq 1)$							[L3][CO5]	[6M]																																	
	b) If X is a normal variate with mean 30 and standard deviation 5. Find i) $P(26 \leq X \leq 40)$ $P(X \geq 45)$							[L3][CO5]	[6M]																																	
8	Calculate Correlation coefficient to the following data							[L3][CO6]	[12M]																																	
	<table><tr><td>X</td><td>10</td><td>15</td><td>12</td><td>17</td><td>13</td><td>16</td><td>24</td><td>14</td><td>22</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td><td>30</td><td>42</td><td>45</td><td>46</td><td>33</td><td>34</td><td>40</td><td>35</td><td>39</td><td>38</td></tr></table>	X	10	15	12	17	13			16	24	14	22	20	Y	30	42	45	46	33	34	40	35	39	38																	
X	10	15	12	17	13	16	24	14	22	20																																
Y	30	42	45	46	33	34	40	35	39	38																																
9	Ten competitors in a musical test were ranked by the three judges A,B and C in the following order:							[L2][CO6]	[12M]																																	
	<table><tr><td>Ranks by A</td><td>1</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>10</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>Ranks by B</td><td>3</td><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>4</td><td>7</td><td>10</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>6</td><td>9</td></tr><tr><td>Ranks by C</td><td>6</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>10</td><td>5</td><td>7</td></tr></table>									Ranks by A	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8	Ranks by B	3	5	8	4	7	10	2	1	6	9	Ranks by C	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7
	Ranks by A	1	6	5	10	3	2			4	9	7	8																													
	Ranks by B	3	5	8	4	7	10			2	1	6	9																													
Ranks by C	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7																																
Using rank Correlation coefficient method, discuss which pair of judges has the nearest approach to common likings in music.																																										
10	Find two regression equations from the following data:							[L3][CO6]	[12M]																																	
	<table><tr><td>X</td><td>10</td><td>25</td><td>34</td><td>42</td><td>37</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>45</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td><td>56</td><td>64</td><td>63</td><td>58</td><td>73</td><td>75</td><td>82</td><td>77</td></tr></table>	X	10	25	34	42	37			35	36	45	Y	56	64	63	58	73	75	82	77																					
X	10	25	34	42	37	35	36	45																																		
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